# **Safety Data Sheet**

Issue Date: 18-Jan-2000 Revision Date: 28-Mar-2014 Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

**Product Identifier** 

**Product Name** 8451 Inter-Foam 5 sec Flexible Foam SIDE B

Other means of identification

**SDS #** IES-FO8451B

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Recommended Use** Expandable Foam.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier Address** 

International Epoxies & Sealers 30241 Commerce Drive San Antonio, FL 33576

**Emergency Telephone Number** 

Company Phone Number 1-800-451-7206

Emergency Telephone (24 hr) INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)

1-800-535-5053 (North America)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance Black viscous liquid Physical State Liquid Odor Amine

# Classification

This chemical does not meet the hazardous criteria set forth by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). However, this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of this product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Polyether Polyol	PROPRIETARY	90-95
Triethylenediamine	280-57-9	1-5
Dibutyltin dilaurate	77-58-7	1-2

<sup>\*\*</sup>If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.\*\*

## 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

## **First Aid Measures**

**General Advice** Provide this SDS to medical personnel for treatment.

Eye Contact Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Use fingers to assure that the

eyelids are separated and that the eye is being irrigated. Consult a physician.

**Skin Contact** Remove all contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin with large quantities of water and

soap. Wash clothing before wearing again and clean shoes. If redness, itching or a burning

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sensation develops r persists after the area is washed, consult a physician.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult,

oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a

medical facility immediately.

**Ingestion** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Give

large quantities of water for dilution. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Seek medical attention.

# Most important symptoms and effects

**Symptoms** Can produce severe respiratory tract irritation. This will be experienced as a discomfort in

the nose, throat and chest, with nasal discharge, cough, headache and difficulty with breathing. Prolonged contact may lead to burning associated with severe reddening, swelling and possible tissue destruction. Watering or discomfort of the eyes with marked excess redness and swelling. Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dizziness, thirst. See Section 11:

Toxicological Information of this SDS for more detailed symptoms.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to Physician** Eyes: Exposure to tertiary amine vapors in this product may cause minor transient edema

of the corneal epithelium known as "blue haze". SKIN: Thoroughly cleansing of the entire contaminated area of the body including the scalp and nails is extremely important. INGESTION: Treat symptomatically. Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of this product. INHALATION: Tertiary amines produce severe respiratory tract irritation. This will be experienced as a discomfort in the nose, throat and chest, with

nasal discharge, cough and difficulty with breathing.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or halogenated agents or water. Use cold water spray to cool fire-exposed containers to minimize risk of rupture. A solid stream of water directed into the hot burning liquid could cause frothing. If possible, contain fire run-off water.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

## Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Toxic fumes may be given off when material is exposed to fire.

**Hazardous Combustion Products** Toxic fumes may be released. Combustion may produce carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides and silicon oxides.

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Isolate and

confine spill area. Remove all sources of flames, heating elements, gas engines, etc.

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## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Cover spill with inert, non-combustible

absorbent material.

Methods for Clean-Up Sweep up absorbed material and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Discard any

product, residue, disposable container or liner in full compliance with federal, state, and

local regulations. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling Avoid skin and eye contact. Use personal protective equipment when transferring material

to or from drums, totes or other containers. Safety glasses and gloves are the minimum protection. Additional precautions must be used when splash hazards are present. Consult the INTER-FOAM 5 Polyisocyanates Handling and Safety information when this "B" blend is used in conjunction with the isocyanate "A" blend. If contamination with isocyanates is suspected, do not reseal containers. Do not smoke or use naked lights, open flames, space

heaters or other ignition sources near pouring, frothing or spraying operations.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions When stored between 15° and 30°C (60° and 85°F) in sealed containers, typical shelf life is

6 months or more from the date of manufacture. Consult technical data sheet for shelf life requirements affecting performance quality. Should freezing occur, the material must be thawed thoroughly and mixed until uniform. Opened containers must be handled properly to

prevent moisture pickup.

**Incompatible Materials** Strong oxidizing agents. Acids.

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# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Guidelines**

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Dibutyltin dilaurate	STEL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sn	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ Sn	IDLH: 25 mg/m³ Sn
77-58-7	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sn	(vacated) TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sn	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> except
	S*	(vacated) S*	Cyhexatin Sn

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Engineering Controls Ventilation must be adequate to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the

exposure limit(s) outlined in the SDS. Local exhaust ventilation is recommended when working with this product. Uses requiring heating and/or spraying may require more ventilation or personal protective equipment. An eyewash station and safety shower or

other drenching facilities are recommended in the work area.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Chemical splash goggles or safety glasses or full face mask must be used consistent with

splash hazard present. If vapor exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full face-piece

respirator or supplied air hood.

**Skin and Body Protection**Wear clothing, boots and gloves resistant to permeation of product. Materials may include

butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene and Saranax" coated Tyvek".

Respiratory Protection The specific respirator selected must be based on contamination levels of this blend found

in the workplace and must not exceed the working limits of the respirator and be jointly approved by NIOSH and MSHA. Air purifying respirators equipped with full-faced organic vapor cartridge can be used only if isocyanate vapors are not present from the OAO component. In areas of high concentrations, fresh air-line respirators or self-contained

breathing apparatus can be used in emergencies or other unusual situations.

General Hygiene Considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Black viscous liquid Odor Amine

Color Black Odor Threshold Not determined

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH Not determined

Melting Point/Freezing PointNot determinedBoiling Point/Boiling RangeNot determined

Flash Point > 110 °C / > 230 °F

Evaporation Rate
Flammability (Solid, Gas)
Upper Flammability Limits
Not determined
Lower Flammability Limit
Vapor Pressure
Vapor Density
Not determined
Not determined
Not determined
Not determined

Specific Gravity 1.03 @ 25 °C (77 °F)

Water Solubility
Solubility in other solvents
Partition Coefficient
Auto-ignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Slightly soluble
Not determined
Not determined
Not determined

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**Kinematic Viscosity** Not determined **Dynamic Viscosity** 1,050-1,060 cps **Explosive Properties** Not determined **Oxidizing Properties** Not determined

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

#### **Chemical Stability**

This is a stable material. Avoid high temperatures, sparks, flame and extended exposure over 110°F (45°C).

#### **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

None under normal processing.

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

#### **Conditions to Avoid**

Incompatible Materials.

## **Incompatible Materials**

Strong oxidizing agents. Acids.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

None known based on information supplied.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information** 

**Eye Contact** Eyes may have symptoms of redness, itching, irritation, and watering from overexposure.

**Skin Contact** Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation.

Inhalation May cause irritation if inhaled.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Triethylenediamine 280-57-9	= 1700 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	-
Dibutyltin dilaurate 77-58-7	= 175 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

# Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms Inhalation: Heating, spraying, foaming or otherwise mechanically dispersing (drumming,

venting or pumping) operations of this blend may generate more vapor or aerosol concentrations of it's components. Tertiary amines can produce severe respiratory tract irritation. This will be experienced as a discomfort in the nose, throat and chest, with nasal discharge, cough, headache and difficulty with breathing.

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Skin Contact: Prolonged contact may lead to burning associated with severe reddening, swelling and possible tissue destruction.

Eye Contact: Will cause irritation on contact. Symptoms from tertiary amine exposure include watering or discomfort of the eyes with marked excess redness and swelling. Severe exposure could produce chemical burns of the cornea. Tertiary amines have also been known to produce a transient blurring of vision against a general bluish haze and the appearance of halos around bright objects (referred to as "blue haze").

Ingestion: Tertiary amines can cause severe irritation and possible chemical burns of the mouth, throat, esophagus and stomach with pain or discomfort in the mouth, throat, chest and abdomen. Symptoms include; nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dizziness, thirst, circulatory collapse and coma.

# Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Carcinogenicity**This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

Not determined

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Triethylenediamine		1510 - 1980: 96 h		
280-57-9		Pimephales promelas mg/L		
		LC50 flow-through		
Dibutyltin dilaurate		2: 48 h Oryzias latipes mg/L		
77-58-7		LC50		

#### Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

#### **Bioaccumulation**

Not determined.

#### Mobility

Not determined

# Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste Treatment Methods** 

Disposal of Wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not

pressurize or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity or other sources of ignition. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner

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and in accordance with governmental regulations.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Dibutyltin dilaurate 77-58-7	Toxic

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including

exemptions and special circumstances.

**DOT** Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

IMDG Not regulated

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **International Inventories**

TSCA Listed

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

## **US Federal Regulations**

# SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard Yes

SARA 313 Not determined

# **US State Regulations**

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## U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Not determined

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPAHealth HazardsFlammabilityInstabilitySpecial Hazards210Not determinedHMISHealth HazardsFlammabilityPhysical HazardsPersonal Protection210Not determined

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## **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**